

Lithium Ion Battery

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Gemäß Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006 (REACH) muss ein Sicherheitsdatenblatt lediglich für Stoffe und Zubereitungen zur Verfügung gestellt werden. Batterien sind von den Anforderungen dieser Verordnung nicht betroffen.

According Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) a safety data sheet must be provided for substances and preparations only. Batteries are not affected by the requirements of this Regulation.

Section I - Product identification

Product Name: Lithium Ion (Polymer) Rechargeable Battery

Chemical System: Lithium - Cobalt – Dioxide

Model	Jauch Part-No.	Min. capacity	Voltage	Wh rating
LP341018JSY	245860	33mAh	3.7V	0.122Wh
LP501233JSY	246482	170mAh	3.7V	0.629Wh

Section II - Hazardous ingredients

IMPORTANT NOTE: The battery should not be opened or exposed to heat because exposure of the following ingredients contained within could be harmful under some circumstances.

Material Name. (e.g. Sn alloy)	Substance Name (e.g. Copper (Cu))	CAS No.	Percentage (%)
active material	LiCoO ₂	12190-79-3	32.62
Binder-PVDF	Polyvinylidene difluoride	24937-79-9	1.04
Conductive material	Carbon	1333-86-4	0.78
Conductive material	Carbon	1333-86-4	0.26
Foil	Aluminum	7429-90-5	4.61
active material	Carbon	1333-86-4	15.92
Binder-PVDF	Polyvinylidene difluoride	24937-79-9	1.3
conductive material	Carbon	7440-44-0	0.09
additive	Oxalic acid	144-62-7	0.05
foil	Copper	7440-50-8	7.87
electrolyte-solvent	Ethylene carbonate	96-49-1	5.06
electrolyte-solvent	Diethyl carbonate	105-58-8	3.72
electrolyte-solvent	Ethyl methyl carbonate	623-53-0	3.74
electrolyte-additive	Lithium hexafluorophosphate	21324-40-3	1.82
electrolyte-additive	1,3-propanesultone	1120-71-4	0.09
separator	Polyethylene	9002-88-4	3.62
tape-film	Polyimide	75-55-8	0.1
tape-adhesive	Acrylic	9011-14-7	0.03
tape-film	Polyester	25038-59-9	0.14
tape-adhesive	Acrylic	9011-14-7	0.03
Al bag	Nylon	32131-17-2	3.85
Al bag	Aluminum	7429-90-5	9.75
Al bag	Polypropylene	9003-07-0	2.57
tab lead	Nickel	7440-02-0	0.38
tab lead	polypropylene	9003-07-0	0.05
tab lead	Aluminum	7429-90-5	0.24
tab lead	polypropylene	9003-07-0	0.05
tab	Nickel	7440-02-0	0.22

Section III - Possible Hazards

Cells or Batteries may explode when placed in a fire, when exposed to excessive heat, when opened or during inappropriate use; which could release hydrogen fluoride gas and smoke. Use only suitable extinguishing media.

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed aluminium foil. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused (see Safety precautions in Section VII).

The most likely risk is acute exposure when a cell vents or opened, can cause irritation when inhaled.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO
Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO
Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Contact with electrolyte with skin and eyes should be avoided.

Risk and Safety sentences:

(1) – Nature of special risks:

R14 Reacts with water
R21 Harmful in contact with skin
R22 Harmful if swallowed
R41 Risk of serious damage to the eye
R42/43 May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact

(2) – Safety advices:

S2 Keep out of reach from children
S8 Keep away from moisture
S22 Do not breathe dust
S24 Avoid contact with skin
S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and get medical advice / attention
S36 Wear suitable protective clothing
S37 Wear suitable gloves

EU-GHS Classification:

Hazard statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed
H312 Harmful in contact with skin
H315 Causes skin irritation
H318 Causes serious eye damage
H332 Harmful if inhaled

Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children
P223 Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire
P232 Protect from moisture
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Section IV - First Aid Procedures

None unless internal material exposure.

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Skin contact with contents of an opened battery can cause irritation, wash immediately with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, get medical help

Eye contact:

Contents of an opened battery can cause severe irritation, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH THOROUGHLY WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Ingestion:

CALL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER IMMEDIATELY

Inhalation:

Do not inhale leaked material. PROVIDE IMMEDIATELY FRESH AIR, IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL HELP.

Section V - Fire Fighting Instructions

5.1 Fire and explosion hazard:

The battery can leak and/or spout vaporized or decomposed and combustible electrolyte fumes in case of exposure above 70°C resulting from inappropriate use or the environment. Cells or batteries may flame or leak potentially hazardous organic vapors if exposed to excessive heat or fire. Fire, excessive heat, or over voltage conditions may produce hazardous decomposition products. Damaged or opened cells or batteries can result in rapid heating and the release of flammable vapors. Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to an ignition source and flash back fire, excessive heat, or over voltage conditions may produce hazardous decomposition products. During water application, caution is advised as burning pieces of flammable particles may be ejected from the fire.

5.2 Extinguishing Media:

Suitable CO₂

Dry chemical or Foam extinguishers.

Not to be used: Type D extinguishers.

Special Fire Fighting Procedure: WEAR NIOSH APPROVED SCBA & FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

As with any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of hazardous decomposition products.

Section VI - Accidental Release

General

Chemical contents are sealed in an aluminium pouch. But if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused, contents may leak out. In such case, take action as showing below. The preferred response is to leave the area and allow the batteries to cool and the vapours to dissipate.

Personal precautions

Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapours. Temporary inhalation of odor and attaching of electrolyte to skin does not cause serious health hazard. Be sure the ventilation and washing out of electrolyte quickly.

Environmental precautions

Collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container and remove spilled liquid with absorbent. Doing this, protect your skin and eyes with gloves and protection glasses. Avoid direct contact with internal components. Specific environmental precaution is not necessary.

Section VII – Handling and Storage

When used correctly, Lithium-ion Polymer Battery Pack (Rechargeable Single cell Battery) provides a safe and dependable source of power. However, if they are misused or abused, leakage, venting, or in extreme cases explosion and/or fire may result.

Make sure to observe amongst others, following warnings.

Handling:

- Do not insert batteries in reverse. Observe the polarity markings on battery and equipment
- Do not short-circuit batteries
- Do not deform or disassemble batteries
- Do not incinerate or dispose batteries in fire
- Do not place battery on metal case, metal plate or antistatic material.
- Do not mix batteries types or brands. In case of multi cell application, replace all batteries to new at once when replacing used batteries.
- Do not heat batteries or exposure direct sunlight.
- Do not weld or solder directly to batteries
- A battery with a damaged container should NOT be exposed to water
- Do not allow children to replace batteries without adult supervision
- Keep batteries out of the reach of children. In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, the person involved should seek medical assistance immediately.
- Equipment intended for use by children should have battery compartments which are tamper-proof
- Do not encapsulate and/or modify batteries
- Exhausted batteries should be immediately removed from equipment and disposed of
- When discarding batteries with solder tags, insulate the tags by wrapping them with tape, foil, etc.

Storage:

- Store unused batteries in their original packaging and keep them away from metal objects which may short-circuit them. Storing unpackaged cells together could result in cell shorting and heat build-up.
- Store and display batteries in their original packaging in well ventilated, dry and cool conditions.
- Avoid storing or display batteries in direct sun or in places where they get exposed to rain
- Do not stack battery cartons on top of each other exceeding a specified height. The height is clearly dependent on the strength of the packaging. As for general rule this height should not exceed 1.5 m for cardboard packages or 3 m for wooden cases. The above recommendations are equally valid for storage conditions during prolonged transit. Thus,

batteries should be stored away from ship engines and not left for long periods in unventilated metal box cars (containers) during summer.

Section VIII – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Respiratory protection (specify type):	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Ventilation:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Protective gloves:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Eye protection:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Other protective clothing or equipment:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use

In the event, however, a large amount of electrolyte should be released by mechanical or electrical abuse, use:

Respiratory protection	Mask (with a filter preferably)
Hand protection	Synthetic rubber gloves
Eye protection	Goggles or glasses (see section VI)

Section IX – Physical and Chemical Properties

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed can or pouch. Under conditions of normal use, the chemicals will not be released.

Appearance:	Single cell: prismatic or round cell
Nominal voltage:	Single cell: 3.6/3.7 volts

Section X – Stability and Reactivity

Since batteries utilize a chemical reaction they are actually considered a chemical product. As such, battery performance will deteriorate over time even if stored for a long period of time without being used. In addition, the various usage conditions such as charge, discharge, ambient temperature, etc. are not maintained within the specified ranges the life expectancy of the battery may be shortened or the device in which the battery is used may be damaged by electrolyte leakage.

Conditions to avoid: See Sections VII & VIII

Section XI – Toxicological Information

In case electrolyte is spilled and exposed to air, HF could be released.
May include hydrogen fluoride and carbon oxides gas.
May cause skin and eye Irritation when contacted.

Section XII – Ecological Information

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed pouch.
Under conditions of normal use, the chemicals will not be released.
It does not pose a physical or health risk to users, see section XIII for disposal.

Heavy metal in battery: Mercury(Hg) and Cadmium(Cd) are neither contained nor used in battery.

Section XIII – Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal method:

a) Be sure to comply with your federal, state and local regulation disposal of used batteries. Dispose in accordance with appropriate national and international regulations, below some references. European Community: according to Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Annex II, batteries have to be removed from any separately collected WEEE. The removed batteries have to be treated according to the Battery directive 2006/66/EC

US: Lithium batteries are neither specifically listed nor exempted from the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) hazardous waste regulations. The only material of possible concern due to its reactivity is lithium metal. However, button cells contain so little lithium that they can be disposed of in the normal municipal waste stream.

Use a professional disposal firm for disposal of mass quantities of undischarged lithium batteries.

b) Open cells should be treated as hazardous waste

DO NOT INCINERATE or subject battery cells to temperatures in excess of 212°F (100°C). Such treatment can cause cell rupture.

Section XIV – Transportation Information

Dangerous Goods Classification	Class 9 lithium batteries
UN-No.	UN 3480, UN3481
Proper Shipping Name:	Lithium Ion Batteries (including lithium polymer batteries)

Lithium Ion cells and batteries are subject to the following transport rules:

Method	Technical Guidelines
Air	ICATO/IATA 60 th Ed. 2019
Road and Rail Europe	ADR / RID 2019
Sea	IMDG Code 2019 (Amdmt.39)
USA	DOT 49 CFR

Please use the transportation information for reference. Exact packaging, shipping documentation and labelling requirements vary depending on energy content of cell/battery, quantity, method of shipping, airline or forwarder. Make sure to confirm concrete actions in advance with your shipping company.

All cells and batteries of Jauch Quartz GmbH fulfil the conditions pursuant to the requirements for partly regulated transportation. UN Manual of Tests and Criteria Part III Subsection 38.3 (DGR 3.9.2.6).

Lithium Ion cells and batteries transported after UN3480 by air have to be shipped at a state of charge (SoC) not exceeding 30% of their rated design capacity from April 1st, 2016. Packages must be labelled with the “Cargo Aircraft Only” label.

Even classified as lithium ion batteries UN3480 or UN3481 (Contained in Equipment or Packed with Equipment), the product is handled as Non-Dangerous Goods by meeting the UN Recommendations on the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations Packaging Instruction PI 965-967 and Special Provision SP188. (1)

(a) For a lithium-ion cell, the Watt-hour rating is not more than 20 Wh;

(b) For a lithium-ion battery, the Watt-hour rating is not more than 100 Wh.

Lithium ion batteries subject to this provision shall be marked with the Watt-hour rating on the outside case, except those manufactured before 1 January 2009 which may be transported in accordance with this special provision and without this marking until 31 December 2010;

(c) Each cell or battery is of the type proved to meet the requirements of each test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3;

- (d) Cells and batteries, when shipped alone (UN3480), are not allowed to exceed a state of charge higher than 30%
- (e) Cells and batteries, except when installed in equipment, shall be packed in inner packaging that completely enclose the cell or battery. Cells and batteries shall be protected so as to prevent short circuits. This includes protection against contact with conductive materials within the same packaging that could lead to a short circuit. The inner packaging shall be packed in strong outer packaging;
- (f) Cells and batteries when installed in equipment shall be protected from damage and short circuit, and the equipment shall be equipped with an effective means of preventing accidental activation. When batteries are installed in equipment, the equipment shall be packed in strong outer packaging constructed of suitable material of adequate strength and design in relation to the packaging's capacity and its intended use unless the battery is afforded equivalent protection by the equipment in which it is contained;
- (g) Except for packages containing button cell batteries installed in equipment (including circuit boards), or no more than four cells installed in equipment or no more than two batteries installed in equipment, each package shall be marked with the following:
 - (i) an indication that the package contains "lithium ion" cells or batteries, as appropriate;
 - (ii) an indication that the package shall be handled with care and that a flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged;
 - (iii) an indication that special procedures shall be followed in the event the package is damaged, to include inspection and repacking if necessary; and
 - (iv) a telephone number for additional information;
- (h) Except when batteries are installed in equipment, each package shall be capable of withstanding a 1.2 m drop test in any orientation without damage to cells or batteries contained therein, without shifting of the contents so as to allow battery to battery (or cell to cell) contact and without release of contents: and
- (i) Except when batteries are contained in or packed with equipment, packages shall not exceed 30 kg gross mass for marine transportation. (not exceed 10kg for air transportation)
- (j) For marine transportation the product is handled as Non-Dangerous Goods by meeting the IMO International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG Code) 2019 Edition (Amendment 39) SP188 (Same as UN Special Provision SP188 above).
- (k) For air transportation the product is handled as Non-Dangerous Goods by meeting the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations 60th Edition Effective 1 January 2019 Packing Instruction 965-967 General Requirement and Section II (Excepted) and UN Special Provision SP188 above.
- (l) Lithium ion batteries identified by manufacturer as being defective for safety reasons, or that have been damaged, that have the potential of producing a dangerous evolution of heat, fire or short circuit are forbidden for transport (e.g. those being returned to the manufacturer for safety reasons).
- (m) Each package contains more than four cells, or more than two batteries must be labelled with a lithium battery handling label. The width 120mm X length 110mm sized lithium battery handling label must be labelled onto the side of a package without bending it.
- (n) The words "Lithium ion batteries", "not restricted" and "PI number" must be included in the Additional Handling Information on the air waybill, when an air waybill is used.
(PI number Cell and Battery: PI965, packed with Equipment: PI966, Contained in Equipment: PI967)
- (o) Any person preparing or offering cells or batteries for transport must receive adequate instruction on these requirements commensurate with their responsibilities.
- (p) The Lithium-Ion cells or batteries as stated in Appendix are made in compliance to the requirements stated in the latest edition of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations Packing

Instruction 965 General requirements and Section II , such that they can be transported as a NOT RESTRICTED (non-hazardous/non-dangerous) goods. However, if those lithium-ion cells or batteries are pack with or contained in an equipment, then it is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure that the consignment are packed in compliance to the latest edition of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations General requirements and Section II Packing Instruction 966 or 967 in order for that consignment to be declared as NOT RESTRICTED (non-hazardous/non-Dangerous).

(q) During the transportation of a large amount of batteries by ship, trailer or railway, do not leave them in the places of high temperatures and do not allow them to be exposed to condensation.

(r) During the transportation do not allow packages to be fallen down or damaged.

Section XV – Regulatory Information

- UN (United Nations): Recommendations on the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations, Sixth revised edition, Amendment 1, New York and Geneva 2017
- ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization): Technical Instructions for the safety transport of dangerous goods by air 2019-2020
- IATA (International Air Transport Organization): Dangerous Goods Regulations 60th Edition; Effective January 1st, 2019
- ADR / RID 2019
- IMO (International Maritime Organization): International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code 2019 Edition (Amendment 39)

This product is an article pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and as such is not subjected to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory list. TSCA Status: All ingredients contained in this product. Nickel used in this product has been identified by the National Toxicology Program as reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen, Cobalt and nickel compounds have been identified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a possible carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Carbon black has been identified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a possible carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not Regulated

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.0002-1050)

Not Regulated

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Cooper (CAS 7440-50-8) LISTED

Methyl Butyrate (CAS 623-42-7) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

Hazardous Categories	Immediate Hazard – No
	Delayed Hazard – No
	Fire Hazard – No
	Pressure Hazard – No
	Reactivity Hazard – No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>% by weight</u>
Aluminum	7429-90-5	10-25
Copper	7440-50-8	1-15

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT)

Listed substance

COBALT LITHIUM NICKEL OXIDE (CAS 182442-95-1)

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

US State Regulations US. Massachusetts RTK – Substance List

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Carbon Solids (CAS 7782-42-5)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Methyl Butyrate (CAS 623-42-7)

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-know Act

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Carbon Solids (CAS 7782-42-5)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Methyl Butyrate (CAS 623-42-7)

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-know Law

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Carbon Solids (CAS 7782-42-5)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Methyl Butyrate (CAS 623-42-7)

US Rhode Island RTK

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

International Inventories

<u>Country(s) or Region</u>	<u>Inventory Name</u>	<u>On inventory (yes/no)*</u>
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

* A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Section XVI – Other Information

This information has been compiled accurately to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, Jauch Quartz GmbH excludes any warranty for the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his particular use.